Appl. No.: 10/766,971 Anidt. dated May 19, 2005 Reply to Office Action of April 19, 2005

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Election/Restriction Requirement

In the Office Action, Examiner alleges the following five patentably distinct species of the claimed invention as contained in the claims.

- A. Species I the structured package as illustrated in Figure 1.
- B. Species II the structured package as illustrated in Figure 3.
- C. Species III the structured package as illustrated in Figure 4.
- D. Species IV the structured package as illustrated in Figure 5.
- E. Species V the structured package as illustrated in Figure 6.

Examiner further explains that Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Examiner indicates that claim 1 is currently generic.

Examiner also indicates that should Applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct and should evidence be submitted or identified, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention if Examiner finds one of the invention unpatentable over the prior art.

Election of Single Disclosed Species

Various amendments have been made. Applicant respectfully submits that the amendments to the claims rectify various typographical errors therein. Applicant respectfully submits that no new matter is added.

As requested by Examiner in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 121, Applicant elects Species II (indicated by Examiner as being illustrated in Figure 3) in accordance with the Examiner specified species taxonomy.

Response to the Election/Restriction Requirement

The requirement for election is respectfully traversed on the grounds that the various species referred to in the Office Action are simply different embodiments of the same invention. Applicant respectfully submits that Applicant's invention, as described in one aspect in amended claim 1, relates specifically to a structure package comprising: a first semiconductor chip having a first integrated circuit; a substrate having a first electrically conductive pattern formed thereon,

Appl. No.: 10/766,971 Andt. dated May 19, 2005 Reply to Office Action of April 19, 2005

the first electrically conductive pattern being an antenna layer; and a plurality of pillars, at least one of the plurality of pillars extending from the first semiconductor chip to the substrate for structurally intercoupling and spatially interdisplacing the first semiconductor chip and the substrate for forming a first channel therebetween, wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars is for electrically communicating the first integrated circuit with the first electrically conductive pattern.

Applicant further submits that although each of claims 21 and 26 describes a data transceiver, such data transceivers are structurally structure packages as described in amended claim 1 of Applicant's invention. Additionally, each of claims 21 and 26 contains the elements and exhibits the functionality of the structure package as described not only in amended claim 1 but also in amended claim 2 which is dependent on amended claim 1. Therefore, although claims 21 and 26 do not expressly indicate dependency on amended claim 1 and belong to different families of claims in the same invention, each of claims 21 and 26 is elementally dependent on amended claim 1 although not expressly indicated. Applicant brings to Examiner's attention that Applicant's invention as described in amended claim 1 is structurally demonstrated in different embodiments as illustrated in Figures 1 and 3-6, and therefore has presented a generic invention with a generic claim and set forth a number of embodiments falling within the generic invention.

It is submitted that 37 CFR 1.141 points out that distinct inventions may not form a single general inventive concept and may not be claimed in one application. However, the rule states that more than one species of an invention may be specifically claimed in different claims in one application, provided the application also includes an allowable generic claim and all claims to the species in excess of one are written in dependent form or otherwise include all limitations of the generic claim. It is respectively submitted that Applicant's application demonstrates this situation precisely. Therefore, Applicant respectfully submits that the requirement for election is improper.

Furthermore, Examiner's position in the Office Action that Applicant's traversal of this requirement for election on the ground that different embodiments of the same invention are presented may result in the evidence or admission being used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention if Examiner finds one of the invention unpatentable over the prior

Appl. No.: 10/766,971 Arndt. dated May 19, 2005 Reply to Office Action of April 19, 2005

art, is believed improper and contrary to the law. It is believed to be clear that Applicant's teaching of equivalency in Applicant's own specification is not available to Examiner as an admission in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103. Instead, the equivalence must be disclosed in the prior art. Any disclosure of equivalence in Applicant's specification cannot be used by Examiner to support rejections thereof. See In re Ruff et al., 256 Fed. 2d. 590. 118 USPQ 340. Therefore, Applicant respectfully submits and insist that this portion of the Office Action represents an improper use of Applicant's disclosure and Applicant's traversal of this election requirement cannot be use against him in future prosecution of this application.

Appl. No.: 10/766,971 Arndt. dated May 19, 2005 Reply to Office Action of April 19, 2005

Conclusion

Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and that a timely Notice of Allowance be issued in this case. It is believed that no extensions of time or fees are required, beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, in the event that additional extensions of time are necessary to allow consideration of this paper, such extensions are hereby petitioned under 37 C.F.R. § 1.36(a), and any fees required are hereby charged to Conley Rose, P.C.'s Deposit Account Number 03-2769/2085-01300.

Respectfully submitted,

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